Claims

[c1] What is claimed is:

1.A method for performing non-integer frequency division, providing at least an output clock according to a plurality of reference clocks, and making the period of the output clock a predetermined multiple of the period of the reference clocks, the method comprising: receiving a plurality of reference clocks, the periods of the reference clocks being the same, and the phases between the different reference clocks being different; triggering a plurality of intermediate signals according to each period of the reference clocks, making the minimum period of the intermediate signals an integer multiple of the period of the corresponding reference clock, the phases between the intermediate signals corresponding to the same reference clock being different; and

performing a logic operation between at least two intermediate signals respectively corresponding to two different reference clocks, providing an output clock according to the result of the logic operation, the minimum period of the output clock being shorter than the period of the intermediate signals.

- [c2] 2.The method of claim 1 wherein when receiving N reference clocks, the phase difference between the n-th reference clock and the first reference clock is ((n-1)/N)*360 degrees.
- [c3] 3.The method of claim 1 wherein the triggering step makes the minimum period of the intermediate signals M times the period of the reference clock, when the period of the reference clock is T, the period of the output clock is L*(T/N), L being one of the factors of M*N.
- [c4] 4.The method of claim 1 wherein the triggering step triggers M intermediate signals according to each reference clock, making the minimum period of the intermediate signals M times the period of the reference clock, the phase difference between the m-th intermediate signal and the first intermediate signal being equal to m times the period of the reference clock.
- [c5] 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the triggering step triggers M intermediate signals according to each reference clock, making the minimum period of the intermediate signals M times the period of the reference clock.
- [c6] 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the period of each intermediate signal kept at a first level is an integer multiple of the period of the reference clock.

- [c7] 7. The method of claim 1 wherein when performing the triggering step, a plurality of the intermediate signals is generated by edge-triggering.
- [08] 8. The method of claim 1 wherein the period of the output clock is shorter than the period of the reference clocks.
- [09] 9. A signal circuit for providing at least one output clock according to a plurality of reference clocks, making the period of the output clock a predetermined multiple of the period of the reference clocks, the signal circuit comprising:

a reference clock circuit for providing a plurality of reference clocks, the periods of reference clocks being the same, and the phases between the different reference clocks being different;

a triggering module including a plurality of state machines, each state machine corresponding to a reference clock, for triggering a plurality of the corresponding intermediate signals according to each period of the reference clocks, and for making the minimum period of the intermediate signals an integer multiple of the period of the corresponding reference clock, the phases between the intermediate signals corresponding to the same reference clock being different; and

a logic module including a plurality of logic gates, the logic module performing a logic operation between at least two intermediate signals respectively corresponding to two different reference clocks, providing an output clock according to the result of the logic operation, the minimum period of the output clock being shorter than the period of the intermediate signals.

- [c10] 10. The signal circuit of claim 9 wherein the reference clock circuit provides N reference clocks, the phase difference between the n-th reference clock and the first reference clock being ((n-1)/N)*360 degrees.
- [c11] 11. The signal circuit of claim 10 wherein each state machine makes the minimum period of each intermediate signal M times the period of the reference clock, when the period of the reference clocks is T, the period of the output clock is L*(T/N), L being one of the factors of M*N.
- [c12] 12. The signal circuit of claim 9 wherein the state machines trigger M intermediate signals according to each reference clock, making the minimum period of each intermediate signal M times the period of the reference clocks, the phase difference between the m-th intermediate signal and the first intermediate signal being equal to m times the period of the reference clocks.

- [c13] 13. The signal circuit of claim 9 wherein the state machines trigger M intermediate signals according to each reference clock, making the minimum period of each intermediate signal M times the period of the reference clocks
 - 14. The signal circuit of claim 9 wherein the period of each intermediate signal kept at a first level by each state machine is an integer multiple of the period of the reference clock.
- [c14] 15. The signal circuit of claim 9 wherein each state machine generates a plurality of the intermediate signals by edge-triggering.
- [c15] 16. The signal circuit of claim 9 wherein the period of the output clock generated by the logic module is shorter than the period of the reference clocks.